SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

KELISLIP Product Name:

Product Description: Base Oil and Additives

Product Code: KKG

Intended Use: ANCHOR LUBE

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer: MIL-COMM PRODUCTS Co., INC. Emergency Phone: 732-416-6730 (Kelken Construction) Produced for: Kelken Construction Systems

800-424-9300 (Chemtrec 24 Hr. Emer.)

SECTION 2

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

2.1 Reportable Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s)

<u>Name</u>	CAS#	Concentration*
ZINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68649-42-3	< .5%
TRIS(METHYLPHENYL) PHOSPHATE	1330-78-5	< 4%
CALCIUM SULFONATE	MIXTURE	4%

2.2 Label Elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US) GHS07 Hazard Statements (GHS-US) Warning

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) H-317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

P-202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read/understood

P-280 – Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves

P-302+P-352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

P-308+P-313 – If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P-501 – Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with

local, regional, national and/or international regulation

SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation. Low order of toxicity. High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage.

NFPA Hazard ID: Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 HMIS Hazard ID: Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (C02) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Aldehydes, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulfur oxides, Incomplete combustion products

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >200'C (392'F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

UEL: 7.0

SECTION 6

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. U.S. regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Confine the spill immediately with booms. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONM ENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal.

SECTION 7

HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Avoid contact with used product. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator.

STORAGE

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

SECTION 8

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product:

When mists/aerosols can occur, the following are recommended: 5mg/m3 - ACGIH TLV, 10 rnq/rn - ACGIH STEL, 5 MG/M3 - OSHA PEL.

Note: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations

8.2 Exposure Controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

UEL: N/D

Personal protective equipment

Gloves. Protective goggles, Protective clothing.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Typical physical and chemical properties are given below. Consult the Supplier in Section 1 for additional data.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Liquid

Color: Yellow Odor: Sweet

Odor Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15 'C): 0.97

Flash Point [Method]: >200'C (392'F) [ASTM 0-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D

Boiling Point / Range: > 316'C (600'F)

Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/D

Vapor Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20ce

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-OctanollWater Partition Coefficient): > 3.5

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Viscosity: 109.8~cSt (109.8~rnrnvsec) at 40~C I 12~cSt (12~rnrnvsec) at 100~C

Oxidizing Properties: See Sections 3, 15, 16.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: NID Melting Point: N/A

Pour Point: -18'C

DMSO Extract (mineral oil only). IP-346: < 3 %wt

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks	
Inhalation		
Toxicity (Rat): LC50 > 5000 mq/rn"	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.	
Irritation: No end point data.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. Based on assessment of the components.	
Ingestion		
Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.	
Skin		
Toxicity (Rabbit): LDS0 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.	
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.	
Eye		
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.	

Oils that are used in gasoline engines may become hazardous and display the following properties: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in vitro. Possible allergen and photoallergen. Contains polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) from combustion products of gasoline and/or thermal degradation products.

Contains

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitizing in test animals.

Additional information is available by request.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

-- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = NTP CARC	3 = IARC 1	5 = IARC 2B
2 = NTP SUS	4 = IARC 2A	6 = OSHA CARC

SECTION 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 2610), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed as hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrositivity or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.

Empty Container Warning PRECAUTIONARY LABEL TEXT: Empty containers may retain residue and can be dangerous.

DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Do not attempt to refill or clean container since residue is difficult to remove. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (DOT): Not Regulated for Land Transport LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15

REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: When used for its intended purposes, this material is not classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

NATIONAL CHEMICAL INVENTORY LISTING: TSCA

EPCRA: This material contains no extremely hazardous substances.

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: None.

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY:

Chemical Name CAS Number Typical Value ZINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE 68649-42-3 < 2.5%

The Following Ingredients are Cited on the Lists Below:*

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
PHOSPHORUS	7723-14-0	1,4
ZINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68649-42-3	13,15,17
TRIS(METHYLPYENYL) PHOSPHATE	1330-78-5	1,13,15,17

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

2 = ACGIH A1 3 = ACGIH A2	7 = TSCA 5e 8 = TSCA6	11 = CA P65 REPRO 12 = CA RTK 13 = IL RTK 14 = LA RTK	16 = MN RTK 17 = NJ RTK 18 = PA RTK 19 = RI RTK
5 = TSCA4	10 = CA P65 CARC	15 = M1293	19 = KI KIK

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16

OTHER INFORMATION



Document History

Date of Issue (yyyy-mm-dd): 2019-11-19

Version: 2.1

Indication of changes: periodic review

Dates of Previous Issues: 30/1/2016

Prepared By: Mil-Comm Products Company

NFPA health hazard 1 - Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury

NFPA fire hazard 1- Must be preheated before ignition can occur

NFPA reactivity 0 – Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water

HMIS III Rating

Health 1
Flammability 1
Physical 1
Personal Protection 0

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. In preparing technical information, MIL-COMMM relies on the consensus of opinion and representations made by industry, government agencies and vendor suppliers. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

^{*} EPA recently added new chemical substances to its TSCA Section 4 test rules. Please contact the supplier to confirm whether the ingredients in this product currently appear on a TSCA 4 or TSCA 12b list.